

Type 22 Frigate (Batch 1) H.M.S. Broadsword 1981 1/350 Scale

HMS Broadsword was laid down on 7th February 1975 at Yarrow's Scotstoun Shipyard on the Clyde, following a reappraisal of the Royal Navy's surface fleet requirement that a suitable replacement for the Leander class Frigates would be needed to make up the modernised fleet. She was launched on 12th May 1976 and Commissioned on 4th May 1979 and was soon pressed into service as a command ship for the rescue operation following the Fastnet Race disaster during August of that year.

Several design changes to the initial layout of the class were soon to be forthcoming, the large funnel with the exhaust uptakes protruding from the sides like ears, were soon replaced in later ships with smaller lighter funnels to reduce some top weight, although HMS Battleaxe, Broadsword's sister had the large funnel to start with as well. These were subsequently removed during their first refits in the mid 1980s and replace with the smaller funnels.

HMS Broadsword served with the fleet during the Falklands conflict with Argentina in 1982 as an air defence frigate, and was teamed up with HMS Coventry to lure and trap Argentine aircraft into their air defence net, thus preventing them from reaching the vital beachheads in San Carlos. After having suffered several losses to these Type 22/42 combinations the Argentines made them a priority target to gain the upper hand again, and pressed home an attack on HMS Broadsword and HMS Coventry which resulted in HMS Coventry being hit by three bombs, which overwhelmed her. HMS Broadsword was hit aft , the bomb passing through the ships side and exited up through the flight deck, taking the front off her Lynx helicopter, and over the side to explode in the sea.

In the years following the Falklands conflict, HMS Broadsword found herself being on various duties and deployments with the fleet during the 1980s. She was involved in Operation Grapple in the early 1990s in the Adriatic when the Yugoslav conflict split up the country into it's original smaller states. Broadsword and her sisters provided fleet support for the aircraft carriers that had been put on station to intervene. Following a refit in 1993, a fire broke out in the aft auxiliary machinery compartment, which sadly killed two of the engineers working there.

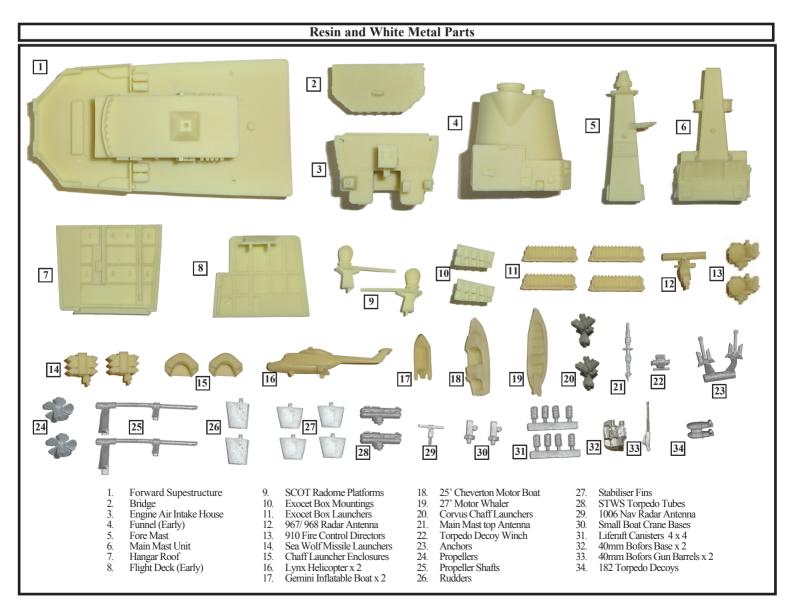
HMS Broadsword was decommissioned on 31st March 1995 and along with her sisters of the Batch 1 class, HMS Battleaxe, HMS Brilliant and HMS Brazen, was sold to the Brazilian Navy, where they are still in service. HMS Broadsword was renamed Greenhaigh.

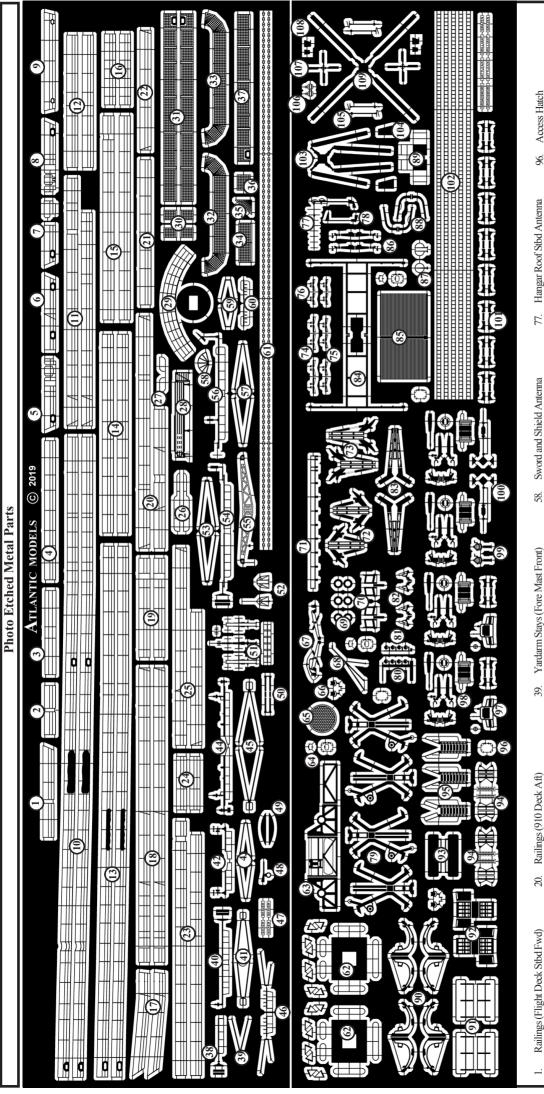
Specifications

Length 430ft (131.2m) Beam 48ft (14.8m) Displacement 4,400 tonnes Speed 18kts Cruise 30 kts Max Complement 222 Officers and Men Propulsion 2 x Rolls Royce Olympus TM3B boost gas turbines 2 x Rolls Royce Tyne RM1C cruise gas turbines

Armament

4 x Exocet SSM Launchers 2 x 6 GWS 25 Sea Wolf SAM Launchers 2 x 40mm Bofors AA Guns 2 x 20mm Oerlikon Cannon 2 x Triple Anti Submarine Torpedo Tubes 2 x Lynx Mk3 Helicopters





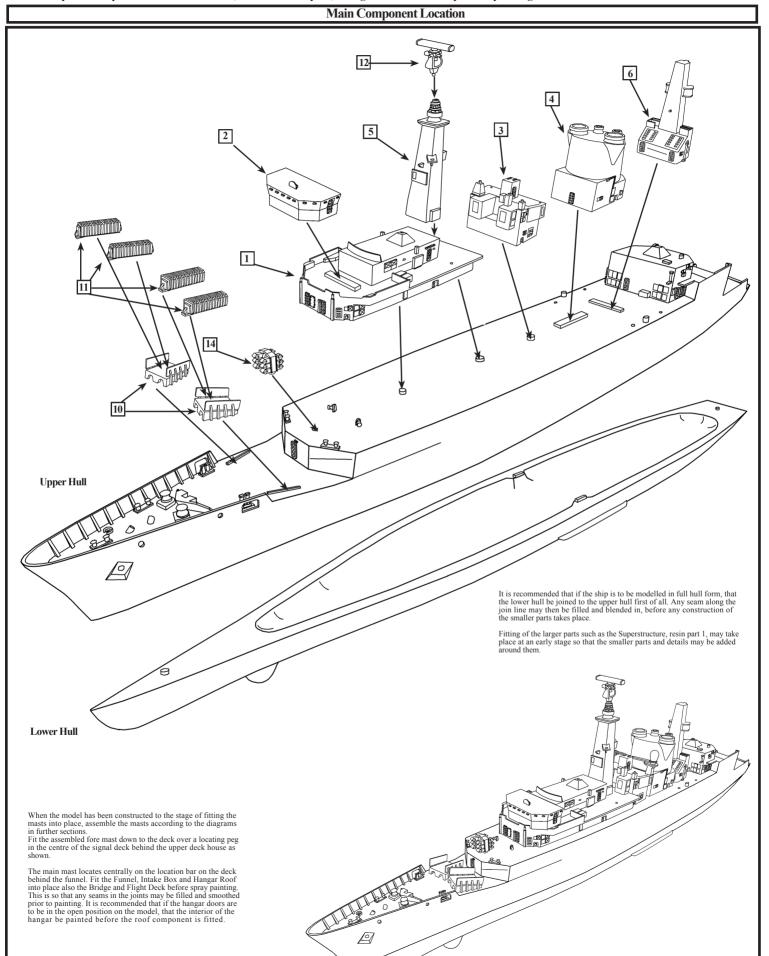
General Precautions

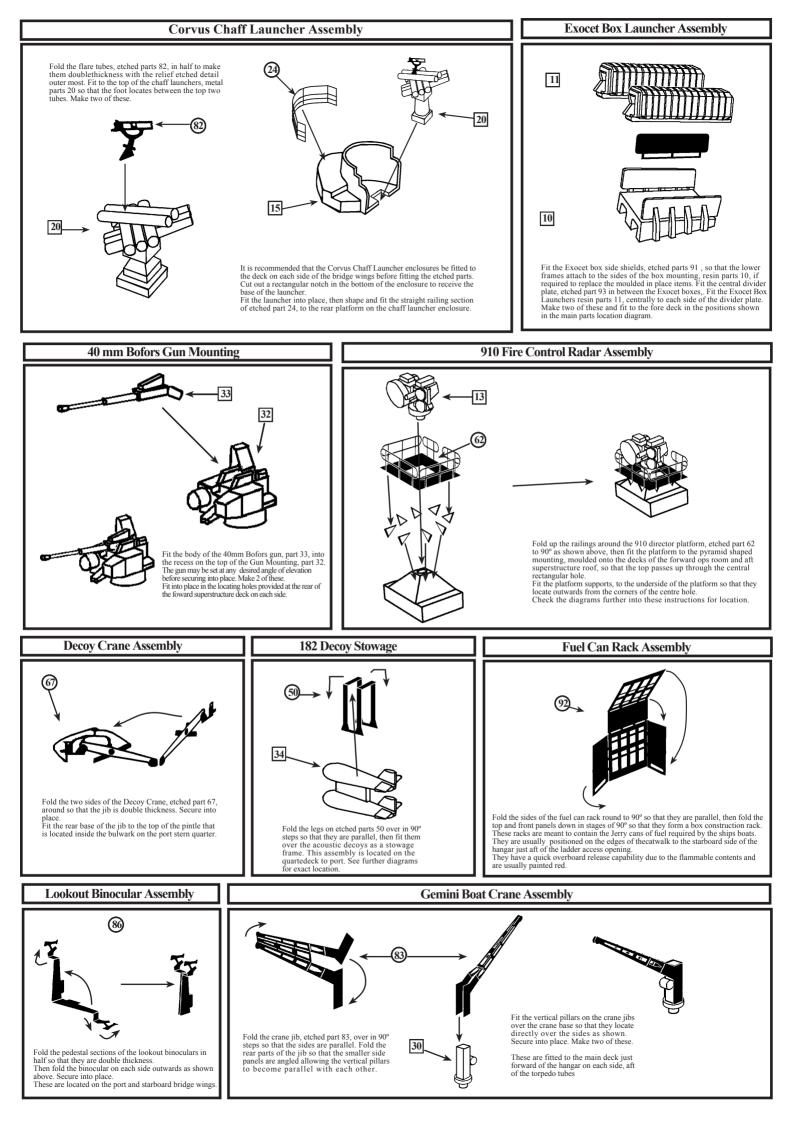
When assembling a Resin / Photoetched metal kit, certain precautions must first be taken.

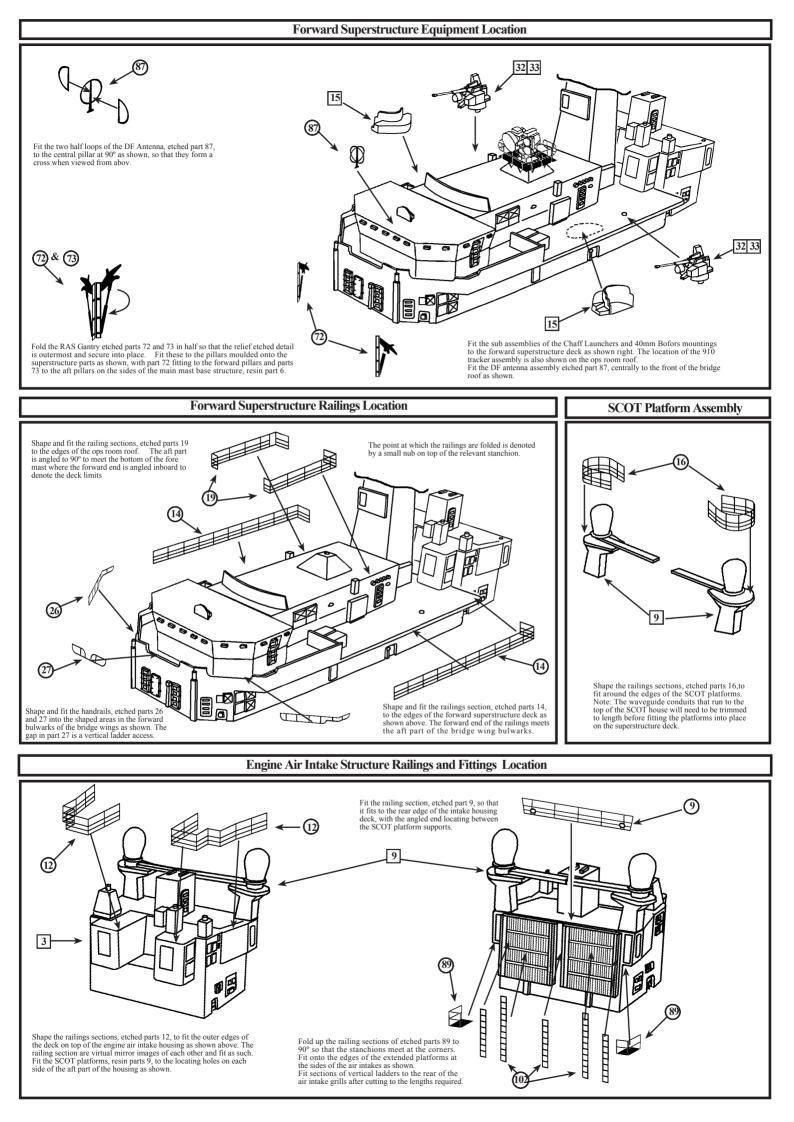
1. Resin dust can be harmful if inhaled. It is recommended that you wear a suitable dust mask when drilling or sanding resin parts.

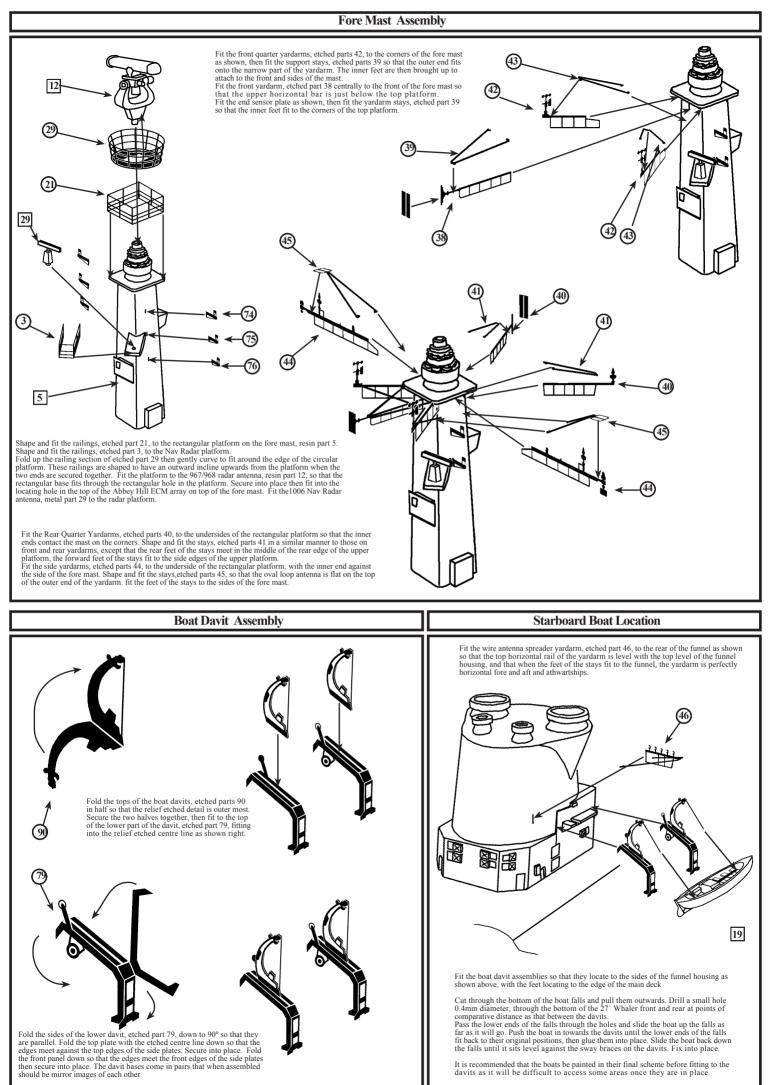
2. Cyano adhesives (super glues) are generally used to assemble this type of kit. Care must be taken when using this type of adhesive as it will bond in seconds. Follow the advice on the container.

3.Wash resin parts in a solution of warm soapy water before assembly. This will remove any residual mold release agents and ensure a good key for 4. Soak photoetch parts in a suitable solvent, such as white spirit, to degrease the surfaces prior to painting.

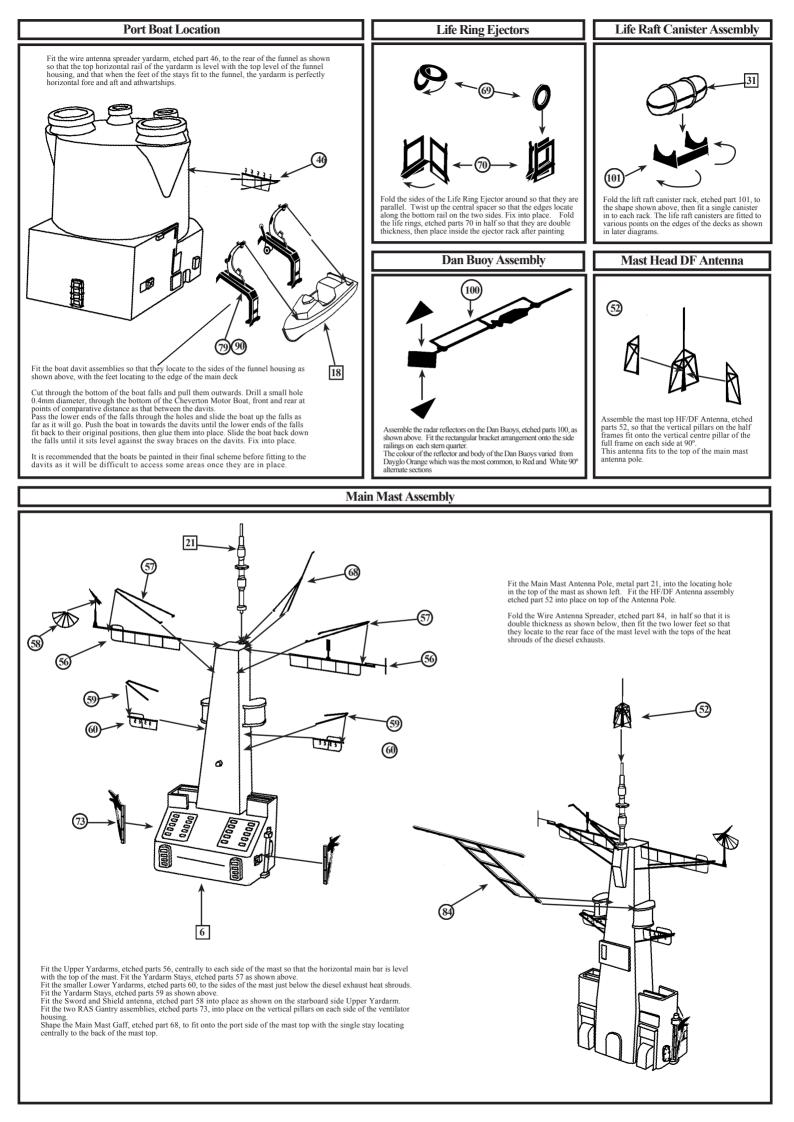


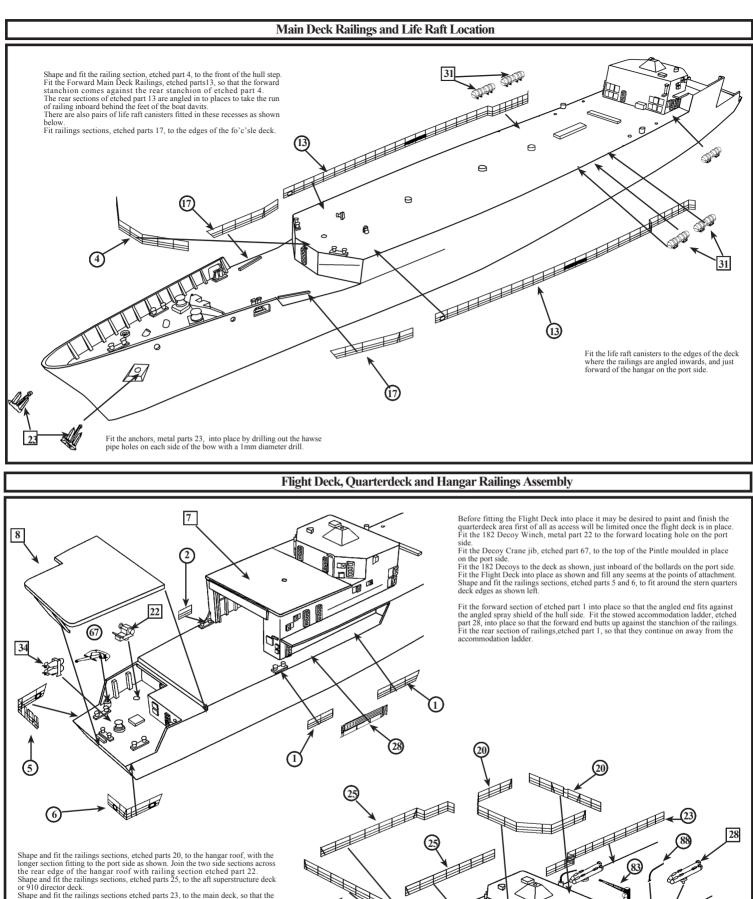






It is recommended that the boats be painted in their final scheme before fitting to the davits as it will be difficult to access some areas once they are in place.





(23)

31

2

(92)

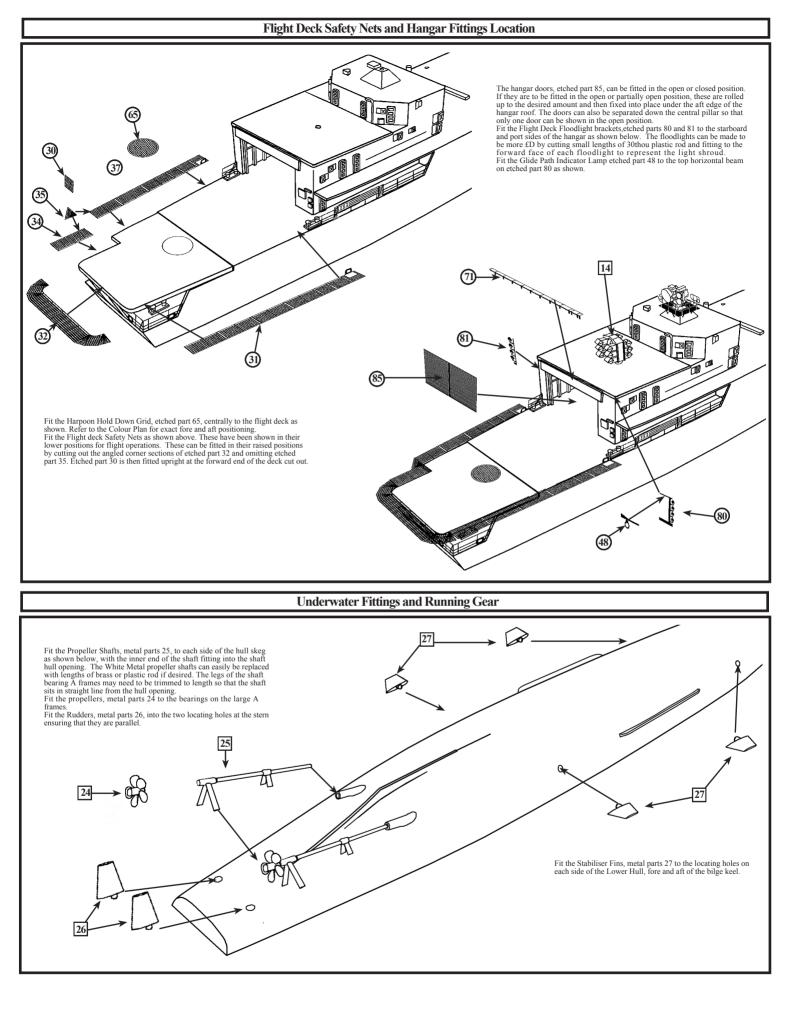
(22)

or 910 arrector deck. Shape and fit the railings sections etched parts 23, to the main deck, so that the forward stanchions meet up to the rear stanchions on the angled out parts of the forward railings sections etched parts 13. The starboard side railing section rear portion turns 90° to cover the rear of the ladders access hole, whilst the small railing section fits along the inside of the ladder access hole.

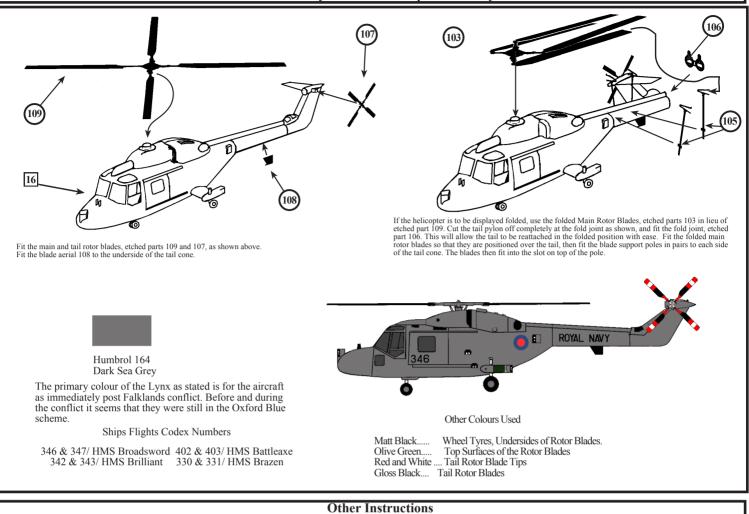
Traduct access HULE. On the port side section the rear portions of the railing turns inboard 90° then aft to take the railings behind the two life raft canisters.

Fit the STWS Torpedo tubes, resin parts 28, to the two forward locating holes on the main deck.

the main deck. Fit the small boat cranes assemblies to the two aft locating holes on each side of the main deck. A Gemini Inflatable boat may be placed on the deck adjacent to each of these cranes if desired. Fold the Torpedo Loading Davits, etched parts 88, in half so that they are double thickness with the relief etched detail outermost. Fit to the tops of the pintles at the rear of the STWS Torpedo tubes as shown right. Fit the fuel can stowage racks directly aft of the access ladder hole on the deck edges starboard side. Continue aft by fitting more life raft canisters then finish of by fitting the remaining railing section, etched part 2 to the aft deck edge so that it comes against the floodlight bracket



Westland Lynx HAS3 HelicopterAssembly



- 1. Etched parts 61 are stock lengths of Anchor chain that can be used to fit on the focsle from the two Anchor Hawse Pipe holes, aft around the Capstans and forward to the shrouded deck ports that go down the cable lockers. There is also sufficient Anchor Chain to allow for a ship to be portrayed in a diorama, sitting at anchor with the chain running from the Hawse Pipe hole to the surface of the waterscape.
- 2. Some parts in the photo etched set have been included for other kits and are not required for the HMS Broadsword. These are fairly obvious from the listing at the front of these instructions, but they may be useful if any conversion work to build any other ship of the Batch 1 class is being done.
- 3. Please read through these instruction thoroughly before commencing any assembly work, as there may be relevant sections further along that may require attention before completing and earlier procedure.
- 4. Prepare your model before assembly by washing all resin parts in warm soapy water and left to dry completely. There may be some resin or metal "Flash" on the edges of some that must be cleaned of, usually with a quick brush of with fine wet or dry paper. Any mould pouring lugs and ejector pin stubs must be removed from mating faces before assembly commences to ensure a snug fit.
- 5. The decals provided in this kit are of the water slide type. Please do not try and peel them off the backing paper, as they will not. Cut out each decal and soak in luke warm water until it releases from the backing paper. The decal can then be slid into position on the model, carefully adjust the position as necessary with an artists brush. The decals are best applied to a glossy surface as this will prevent any silvering where air is trapped under the decal applied to a mat surface. Varnish the areas where the decals are to be applied with gloss varnish and allow to dry thoroughly before applying the decals. Humbrol Gloss Coat is ideal for the job as it is clear and doesn't go yellow with time. The entire areas may then be sprayed over with Matt Coat once the decals have set into position.

