

River Class Off Shore Patrol Vessel H.M.S. SEVERN 1/350 Scale

HMS Severn was the second of three Batch 1 vessels of the River class Off Shore Patrol Vessels brought into service to replace the aging Island class Patrol ships of the Fisheries Protection Squadron. The three ships HMS Tyne, Severn and Mersey were built by Vosper Thorneycroft at it's Woolston shipyard as a private venture, leasing the ships to the Royal Navy for five year periods. On expiry of the lease the Royal Navy had the option to purchase the ships outright or return them. HMS Severn was commissioned into the Royal Navy on 31st July 2003 at a ceremony in Portsmouth.

Between 2005 and 2006 Severn spent a total of 225 days at sea on fisheries protection patrols, proving the usefulness of the class so that in 2012 the Royal Navy purchased the ships outright. In 2014 HMS Severn was deployed overseas and took up station in the West Indies Guardship role, a duty traditionally performed by a Frigate or Destroyer, thus releasing these ships to perform their primary roles. Severn carried out patrols in the Caribbean, being on standby for disaster relief, to intercepting all forms of illegal trafficking, until 31st July 2015 when she returned to Portsmouth.

Up until 2017 Severn was employed on Fisheries Protection duties around the UK and also carried out a large drug intercept which was a joint operation with French customs. She was also used to escort the occasional Russian warship through the English Channel. On the 27th October 2017 HMS Severn was decommissioned at Portsmouth Naval Base and placed in reserve. Six months later a funding allocation was made to preserve Severn and also her sister ships if they should be required to enforce and control the borders around the UK following the withdrawal from the EU.

HMS Severn was reactivated and refitted during 2019, the first RN Warship to be brought out of reserve for nearly 40 years. She joined the fleet again in 2020, and worked up to pass her Operational Sea Training in July 2020, although her actual recommissioning didn't take place until August 2021 in the Pool of London alongside HMS Belfast. She has been painted in a Western Approached camouflage scheme in tribute to those in the Battle of the Atlantic, a unique scheme that identifies her readily from her sisters. She is still in service to date.

Specifications

Length: 79.5m (260ft 10in) Beam: 13.5m (44ft 3 in) Draught: 3.8m (12ft 6in) Propulsion is by 2 x Ruston 12RK270 Diesel Engines Speed: 20 kts (23mph) Range: 5,500 nautical miles . Boats = 2 x Pacific 24 RHIB Complement of 30 Officers and Ratings but can also carry 20 troops if required.



Armament 1 x 20mm Oerlikon B-MARC Cannon 2 x General Purpose Machine Guns



General Precautions

When assembling a Resin / Photoetched metal kit, certain precautions must first be taken. 1. Resin dust can be harmful if inhaled. It is recommended that you wear a suitable dust mask when drilling or sanding resin parts. 2. Cyano adhesives (super glues) are generally used to assemble this type of kit. Care must be taken when using this type of adhesive as it will bond in compared. Follow: the advise on the anti-incr seconds. Follow the advice on the container.

3.Wash resin parts in a solution of warm soapy water before assembly. This will remove any residual mold release agents and ensure a good key for painting. 4. Soak photoetch parts in a suitable solvent, such as white spirit, to degrease the surfaces prior to painting.







When assembling the fixtures and fittings to the mast, some may find it easier to do before fitting the mast to the superstructure. First off all, fit the two suide strips, etched part 18, to each side of the mast top array as shown, so that each strip is 90° to the centre

the mast top array as shown, so that each sup to be the second and pole. Fit the Mast Top Array, etched part 19, so that the rectangular front frame butts up against the Radar Antenna, resin part 10. The single angled support from etched parts 46 can then be fitted against the rear of the radar antenna pole. Fit the two angled supports to each side of the radar antenna pole. Shape and fit the Raling Section, etched part 12, to fit around the mast top platform as shown below. This railing section does not go all the way around, but has an opening on the starboard forward side to allow the Navigation Radar Antenna, etched part 42 to fit.



Fit the small angled support of the Navigation Radar Antenna etched part 42, to the inside of the vertical pole at 90° to the main upright. You can twist the actual antenna around to the desired angle before fitting the assembly to the mast top as shown below right.

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Fit the small weather vanes and sensors, etched parts 25 and 28, centrally to the upper yardarms as shown in the diagram below. Fit the Electronic Sensors, etched parts 20, 21and 22 centrally to each side of the mast in the vertical positions shown below. Fit the Lower Yardarm Antennas, etched parts 34, to the undersides of the lower yardarms as shown, with the single antenna, etched part 33, being fitted to the upper side of the starbarced lower yardarm poly.

upper side of the starboard lower yardarm only. Fit the ECM Horns, etched parts 23, centrally to each side of the mast. The small circular disc fits to the outer edge of the horn giving a better 3D effect.







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Fit the two rudders, metal parts 19, into the locating holes as sown left.

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